

L11 ANSWER 135 OF 154 USPATFULL  
AN 93:39993 USPATFULL  
TI Substituted dibenzoxazepine compounds, pharmaceutical compositions and  
methods for treating pain  
IN Husa, Robert K., Vernon Hills, IL, United States  
Hagen, Timothy J., Glenview, IL, United States  
Hallinan, E. Ann, Evanston, IL, United States  
PA G. D. Searle & Co., Chicago, IL, United States (U.S. corporation)  
PI US 5212169 19930518  
AI US 1991-786161 19911031 (7)  
DT Utility  
FS Granted  
LN.CNT 1524  
INCL INCLM: 514/211.000  
INCLS: 540/547.000  
NCL NCLM: 514/211.140  
NCLS: 514/019.000; 540/547.000  
IC [5]  
ICM: C07D267-20  
ICS: C07D413-12; A61K031-55  
EXF 540/547; 514/211  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L3 ANSWER 82 OF 82 USPATFULL  
AN 87:63713 USPATFULL  
TI Benzofused la **ams** useful as **cholecystokinin**  
**antagonist**  
IN Parsons, William H., Rahway, NJ, United States  
Patchett, Arthur A., Westfield, NJ, United States  
PA Merck & Co., Inc., Rahway, NJ, United States (U.S. corporation)  
PI US 4692522 19870908  
AI US 1986-871340 19860606 (6)  
RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1985-718597, filed on 1 Apr 1985,  
now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US  
1984-624856, filed on 26 Jun 1984, now abandoned  
DT Utility  
FS Granted  
LN.CNT 1711  
INCL INCLM: 540/523.000  
INCLS: 540/461.000; 546/158.000; 546/144.000; 546/148.000  
NCL NCLM: 540/523.000  
NCLS: 540/461.000; 546/144.000; 546/148.000; 546/158.000  
IC [4]  
ICM: C07D223-16  
ICS: C07D225-06; C07D215-22  
EXF 540/523; 540/461; 546/158; 546/144; 546/148  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L11 ANSWER 133 OF 154 USPATFULL  
AN 93:52585 USPATFULL  
TI Method of using **opioid** compounds as delta **opioid**  
selective agonist analgesics  
IN Dappen, Michael S., Gurnee, IL, United States  
Pitzele, Barnett S., Skokie, IL, United States  
Rafferty, Michael F., Buffalo Grove, IL, United States  
PA G. D. Searle & Co., Chicago, IL, United States (U.S. corporation)  
PI US 5223507 19930629  
AI US 1992-823406 19920121 (7)  
DT Utility  
FS Granted  
LN.CNT 1240  
INCL INCLM: 514/279.000  
NCL NCLM: 514/279.000  
IC [5]  
ICM: A61K031-44  
EXF 514/282; 514/279  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

d his ful

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:40:58 ON 08 MAR 2002)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:41:06 ON 08 MAR 2002

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED  
L2 QUE L1  
L3 8041 SEA SSS FUL L1

FILE 'EMBASE, BIOSIS, USPATFULL, CAOLD, CAPLUS, HCAPLUS, TOXLIT' ENTERED  
AT 16:41:59 ON 08 MAR 2002

L4 144629 SEA L3  
L5 2761 SEA L4 AND CCK  
L6 1561 SEA L4 AND CCK (5A) (ANTAGONIST)  
L7 2058 SEA L4 AND CCK (5A) (ANTAGONIST OR ANTAGONISTS)  
D 2058 KWIC  
L8 551 SEA L4 AND CCK (A) (ANTAGONIST OR ANTAGONISTS)  
L9 277 DUP REM L8 (274 DUPLICATES REMOVED)  
D 277  
D 277 IALL HITSTR

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:46:40 ON 08 MAR 2002

L\*\*\* DEL 1 S 83386-35-0/RN  
D L10 SQIDE TOTAL

FILE 'EMBASE, BIOSIS, USPATFULL, CAPLUS, TOXLIT' ENTERED AT 16:48:00 ON  
08 MAR 2002

D 1-277

FILE 'CAPLUS, USPATFULL, CAOLD' ENTERED AT 16:50:03 ON 08 MAR 2002

L10 20403 SEA L3  
L11 433 SEA L10 AND CCK  
L12 430 DUP REM L11 (3 DUPLICATES REMOVED)  
L13 409 SEA L12 AND (ANTAGONIST? OR INHIBIT? OR COMPET?)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:08:08 ON 08 MAR 2002

L14 46 SEA NITRAZEPAM OR MEDAZEPAM OR BROMAZEPAM  
D 1-46

FILE 'EMBASE, BIOSIS, USPATFULL, CAPLUS, CAOLD, HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT  
17:10:03 ON 08 MAR 2002

FILE 'EMBASE, BIOSIS, USPATFULL, CAPLUS, CAOLD, HCAPLUS, TOXLIT' ENTERED  
AT 17:10:09 ON 08 MAR 2002

L15 25313 SEA L14  
L16 51 SEA L15 AND (CCK OR CHOLECYSTOKININ)  
L17 30 DUP REM L16 (21 DUPLICATES REMOVED)  
L18 51 SEA L15 AND (CCK OR CHOLECYSTOKININ OR CCKS OR  
CHOLECYSTOKININS  
)  
L19 30 DUP REM L18 (21 DUPLICATES REMOVED)  
D 1-30  
D 30 IALL  
D 23 IALL  
D 22 IALL

D 8 IALL  
 D 22 IALL  
 D 17 IALL  
 D 10 IALL  
 D 29 IALL  
 D 7 IALL  
 D L13 HITSTR  
 D L13 1-409 HITSTR  
 D L13 383  
 D L13 366 IALL  
 D L13 361 IALL  
 D L13 361 IALL HITSTR  
 D L13 360 IALL  
 D L13 360 IALL HITSTR  
 D L13 356 IALL  
 D 335 L13 IALL HITSTR  
 D L13 121 IALL  
 D L13 121 IALL HITSTR  
 D 59 IALL L13 HITSTR  
 D 44 IALL L13 HITSTR  
 D 1-44 HITSTR L13  
 D L13 7 IALL HITSTR  
 D 4 IALL HITSTR L13  
 D 3 IALL HITSTR L13

L20 FILE 'CAPLUS, USPATFULL, CAOLD' ENTERED AT 18:47:10 ON 08 MAR 2002  
 21 SEA L12 NOT L13  
 D 1-21  
 D 21 KWIC HITSTR  
 D 1-20 KWIC HITSTR

FILE 'EMBASE, BIOSIS, EUROPATFULL, JAPIO, ADISALERTS, ADISINSIGHT,  
 ADISNEWS, BABS, BIOBUSINESS, BIOCOMMERCE, BIOTECHNO, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS,  
 CBNB, CEN, CIN, CONFSCI, DGENE, DIOGENES, DRUGB, DRUGLAUNCH, DRUGMONOG2,  
 DRUGNL, DRUGU, DRUGUPDATES, EMBAL, ESBIODBASE, ...' ENTERED AT 18:51:00

ON

08 MAR 2002  
 L21 196383 SEA NITRAZEPAM OR MEDAZEPAM OR BROMAZEPAM OR DIAZEPAM  
 L22 1003 SEA L21 AND (CCK OR CHOLECYSTOKININ OR CHOLECYSTOKININS) AND  
 (INHIBIT? OR ANTAGON?)  
 L23 255 SEA L21 (10A) (CCK OR CHOLECYSTOKININ OR CHOLECYSTOKININS)  
 (10A) (INHIBIT? OR ANTAGON?)  
 L24 82 DUP REM L23 (173 DUPLICATES REMOVED)  
 D 1-82 KWIC  
 D 78 IALL  
 D IALL 69 ABEX  
 D 68 IALL ABEX  
 D 66 IALL ABEX  
 D 49 IALL ABEX  
 D 60 IALL  
 L25 505 SEA L21 (50A) (CCK OR CHOLECYSTOKININ OR CHOLECYSTOKININS)  
 (50A) (INHIBIT? OR ANTAGON?)  
 L26 187 DUP REM L25 (318 DUPLICATES REMOVED)  
 L27 109 SEA L26 NOT L24  
 L28 5 SEA (NITRAZEPAM OR MEDAZEPAM OR BROMAZEPAM) AND L27

D 1-5  
D 3 IALL ABEX  
L29 41 SEA (NITRAZEPAM OR MEDAZEPAM OR BROMAZEPAM) AND L22  
L30 32 DUP REM L29 (9 DUPLICATES REMOVED)  
L31 36 SEA L29 NOT L28  
D 1-36 KWIC

L13 ANSWER 361 OF 409 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:589687 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 103:189687

TITLE: **Inhibition** of cholecystokinin response in the gallbladder by dibenamine and its protection by benzodiazepines

AUTHOR(S): Kubota, Kazuhiko; Sugaya, Kiminobu; Fujii, Fumio; Itonaga, Masahiro; Sunagane, Nobuyoshi

CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Pharm. Sci., Sci. Univ. Tokyo, Tokyo, 162, Japan  
SOURCE: Jpn. J. Pharmacol. (1985), 39(2), 274-6

CODEN: JJPAAZ; ISSN: 0021-5198

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

CLASSIFICATION: 1-11 (Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 2

ABSTRACT:

The contractile response of the guinea pig gallbladder to cholecystokinin ( **\*\*\*CCK\*\*\*** ) [9011-97-6] and acetylcholine (ACh) [51-84-3] was irreversibly **\*\*\*inhibited\*\*\*** by 5 .times. 10<sup>-5</sup> M dibenamine [51-50-3], and the dibenamine-induced **inhibition** in the **CCK** response was prevented by 10<sup>-4</sup> M chlordiazepoxide (CDP) [**58-25-3**] and diazepam [ **\*\*\*439-14-5\*\*\*** ], but not by 10<sup>-2</sup> M proglumide [6620-60-6] or 10<sup>-6</sup> M atropine [51-55-8]. The dibenamine-induced **inhibition** in the ACh response was prevented by 10<sup>-6</sup> M atropine, but not by 10<sup>-4</sup> M CDP. These findings suggest that the binding of **CCK** to the **CCK** receptor can be **\*\*\*inhibited\*\*\*** by benzodiazepines.

SUPPL. TERM: cholecystokinin gallbladder dibenamine benzodiazepine;  
receptor cholecystokinin benzodiazepine

INDEX TERM: Gallbladder  
(cholecystokinin effect on, dibenamine **inhibition**  
of, benzodiazepines prevention of)

INDEX TERM: Receptors  
ROLE: BIOL (Biological study)  
(for cholecystokinin, benzodiazepines site in relation  
to)

INDEX TERM: 51-50-3  
ROLE: BIOL (Biological study)  
(cholecystokinin effect on gallbladder **inhibition**  
by, benzodiazepines effect on)

INDEX TERM: 51-55-8, biological studies **58-25-3**  
**439-14-5** 6620-60-6 12794-10-4D, derivs.  
ROLE: BIOL (Biological study)

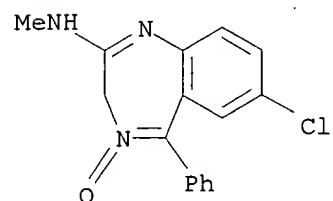
(gallbladder response to cholecystokinin  
**inhibition** by dibenamine in relation to)  
INDEX TERM: 51-84-3, biological studies 9011-97-6  
ROLE: BIOL (Biological study)  
(gallbladder response to, dibenamine **inhibition**  
of, benzodiazepines effect on)

IT **58-25-3 439-14-5**

RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
(gallbladder response to cholecystokinin **inhibition** by  
dibenamine in relation to)

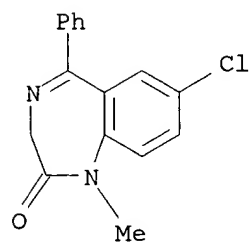
RN 58-25-3 CAPLUS

CN 3H-1,4-Benzodiazepin-2-amine, 7-chloro-N-methyl-5-phenyl-, 4-oxide (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



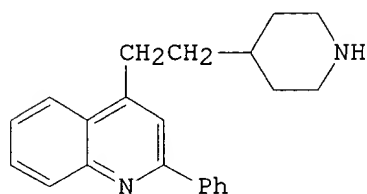
RN 439-14-5 CAPLUS

CN 2H-1,4-Benzodiazepin-2-one, 7-chloro-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl- (8CI,  
9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)





L13 ANSWER 360 OF 409 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:606228 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 103:206228  
 TITLE: Antagonism of cholecystokinin-induced activation by benzodiazepine receptor agonists. Microiontophoretic studies in the rat hippocampus  
 AUTHOR(S): Bradwejn, Jacques; De Montigny, Claude  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Neurosci. Res. Cent., Univ. Montreal, Montreal, PQ, H3C 3J7, Can.  
 SOURCE: Ann. N. Y. Acad. Sci. (1985), 448 (Neuronal Cholecystokinin), 575-80  
 CODEN: ANYAA9; ISSN: 0077-8923  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 CLASSIFICATION: 1-11 (Pharmacology)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 2  
 GRAPHIC IMAGE:

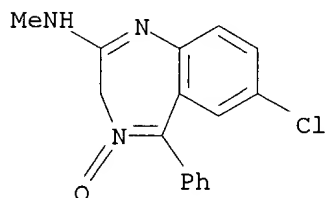


I

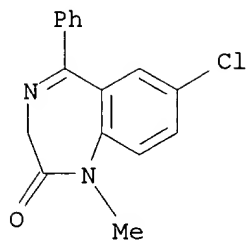
ABSTRACT:  
 In rats, the activation of hippocampal pyramidal neurons by microiontophoretically applied cholecystokinin sulfated octapeptide [\*\*\*CCK\*\*\* -8(s)] [25126-32-3] was reversed by microiontophoretically applied diazepam [439-14-5], lorazepam [846-49-1], chlordiazepoxide [58-25-3], and flurazepam [17617-23-1] as well as by low doses of PK 8165 (I) [77472-98-1]. Doses of I .gtoreq.600 .mu.g/kg did not suppress the CCK-8(s)-induced activation. Non-benzodiazepine anxiolytic drugs meprobamate [57-53-4], haloperidol [52-86-8], and phenobarbital [50-06-6] did not affect the activation of pyramidal neurons by CCK-8(s). The benzodiazepine **antagonist** Ro 15-1788 [78755-81-4] antagonized the effects of the benzodiazepines and I on CCK-8(s)-induced activation. The potency of the benzodiazepines in blocking CCK-8(s)-induced activation is consistent with the hypothesis that this neurobiol. action might mediate their anxiolytic effect.

SUPPL. TERM: cholecystokinin hippocampus benzodiazepine receptor agonist  
 INDEX TERM: Receptors  
 ROLE: BIOL (Biological study)  
 (for benzodiazepine, agonists of,  
 cholecystokinin-induced  
 activation of hippocampus antagonism by)  
 INDEX TERM: Brain  
 (hippocampus, pyramidal neuron, activation of, by  
 cholecystokinin, benzodiazepine receptor agonists)

antagonism of)  
INDEX TERM: Tranquilizers and Neuroleptics  
(minor, benzodiazepine, mechanism of, cholecystokinin  
and  
hippocampus in relation to)  
INDEX TERM: 78755-81-4  
ROLE: BIOL (Biological study)  
(benzodiazepine agonists effect on cholecystokinin-  
induced activation of hippocampus response to)  
INDEX TERM: **58-25-3 439-14-5 846-49-1**  
**17617-23-1** 77472-98-1  
ROLE: BIOL (Biological study)  
(cholecystokinin-induced activation of hippocampus  
pyramidal neurons antagonism by)  
INDEX TERM: 50-06-6, biological studies 52-86-8 57-53-4  
ROLE: BIOL (Biological study)  
(cholecystokinin-induced activation of hippocampus  
pyramidal neurons response to)  
INDEX TERM: 25126-32-3  
ROLE: BIOL (Biological study)  
(hippocampus pyramidal neurons activation by,  
benzodiazepine receptor agonists antagonism of)  
INDEX TERM: 56-84-8, biological studies 56-86-0, biological studies  
58569-55-4  
ROLE: BIOL (Biological study)  
(hippocampus pyramidal neurons activation by,  
benzodiazepine receptor agonists effect on)  
IT **58-25-3 439-14-5 846-49-1 17617-23-1**  
RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
(cholecystokinin-induced activation of hippocampus pyramidal neurons  
antagonism by)  
RN 58-25-3 CAPLUS  
CN 3H-1,4-Benzodiazepin-2-amine, 7-chloro-N-methyl-5-phenyl-, 4-oxide (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

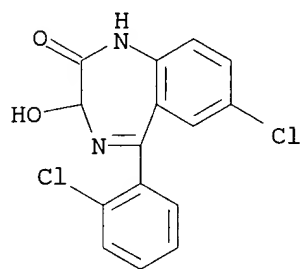


RN 439-14-5 CAPLUS  
CN 2H-1,4-Benzodiazepin-2-one, 7-chloro-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl- (8CI,  
9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



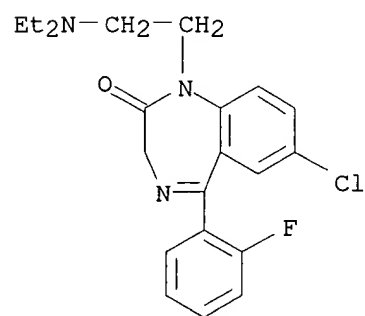
RN 846-49-1 CAPLUS

CN 2H-1,4-Benzodiazepin-2-one, 7-chloro-5-(2-chlorophenyl)-1,3-dihydro-3-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 17617-23-1 CAPLUS

CN 2H-1,4-Benzodiazepin-2-one, 7-chloro-1-[2-(diethylamino)ethyl]-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,3-dihydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L13 ANSWER 121 OF 409 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:240811 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:332761

TITLE: Stress- and yohimbine-induced release of  
cholecystokinin in the frontal cortex of the freely  
moving rat: prevention by diazepam but not

ondansetron

AUTHOR(S): Nevo, Igal; Becker, Christel; Hamon, Michel;  
Benoliel,

Jean-Jacques

CORPORATE SOURCE: Faculte de Medecine Pitie-Salpetriere, Paris, 75634,  
Fr.

SOURCE: J. Neurochem. (1996), 66(5), 2041-9

CODEN: JONRA9; ISSN: 0022-3042

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

CLASSIFICATION: 1-11 (Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 14

#### ABSTRACT:

The in vivo release of cholecystokinin (**CCK**)-like material (**CCKLM**) was measured in the frontal cortex of freely moving rats using the microdialysis technique combined with a sensitive RIA. Local perfusion of K<sup>+</sup> (100 mM)-enriched artificial CSF resulted in a 10-fold increase in **CCKLM** outflow, as compared with that occurring under basal resting (K<sup>+</sup> = 3.0 mM) conditions, and this effect could be completely prevented by removal of Ca<sup>2+</sup> in the perfusing fluid. Chromatog. analyses demonstrated that **CCK-8S** contributed to 70% of **CCKLM**. Stressful stimuli such as a 2-min exposure to di-Et ether and a 30-min restraint produced a marked but transient increase in cortical **CCKLM** release. In addn., anxiety-like behavior induced by the systemic administration of yohimbine (5 mg/kg i.p.) was assocd. with a long-lasting enhancement in the peptide outflow. Pretreatment with the potent anxiolytic drug diazepam (5 mg/kg i.p., 5 min before each condition), which exerted no effect on its own, completely prevented **CCKLM** overflow due to di-Et ether, restraint, or yohimbine administration. In contrast, neither the systemic injection (0.1 mg/kg i.p.) nor the local application (100 .mu.M through the microdialysis probe) of the serotonin 5-HT<sub>3</sub> **antagonist** ondansetron affected the increased release of **CCKLM** in rats restrained for 30 min or treated with yohimbine. These results indicate that cortical **CCKergic** neurotransmission is increased during stress or anxiety-like behavior in rats. Prevention of this effect by diazepam suggests that an **inhibitory** influence of benzodiazepines on cortical **CCKergic** neurons might participate in the anxiolytic action of these drugs.

SUPPL. TERM: cholecystokinin release brain stress diazepam ondansetron;  
anxiety cholecystokinin release brain diazepam ondansetron

INDEX TERM: Anxiety  
Anxiolytics  
Stress, biological  
(stress- and yohimbine-induced release of

cholecystokinin

in frontal cortex of freely moving rat prevention by  
diazepam but not ondansetron in relation to anxiety and  
its treatment)

INDEX TERM: Brain  
 (frontal cortex, stress- and yohimbine-induced release  
 of  
 cholecystokinin in frontal cortex of freely moving rat  
 prevention by diazepam but not ondansetron in relation  
 to  
 anxiety and its treatment)

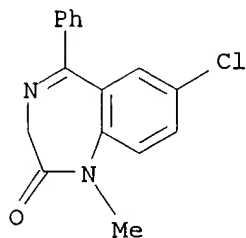
INDEX TERM: 99614-02-5, Ondansetron  
 ROLE: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except  
 adverse);  
 BIOL (Biological study)  
 (stress- and yohimbine-induced release of  
 cholecystokinin  
 in frontal cortex of freely moving rat prevention by  
 diazepam but not ondansetron in relation to anxiety and  
 its treatment)

INDEX TERM: **439-14-5, Diazepam**  
 ROLE: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except  
 adverse);  
 THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (stress- and yohimbine-induced release of  
 cholecystokinin  
 in frontal cortex of freely moving rat prevention by  
 diazepam but not ondansetron in relation to anxiety and  
 its treatment)

INDEX TERM: 9011-97-6, Cholecystokinin 25126-32-3, Cholecystokinin-8  
 (pig)  
 ROLE: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study);  
 PROC (Process)  
 (stress- and yohimbine-induced release of  
 cholecystokinin  
 in frontal cortex of freely moving rat prevention by  
 diazepam but not ondansetron in relation to anxiety and  
 its treatment)

IT **439-14-5, Diazepam**  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU  
 (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (stress- and yohimbine-induced release of cholecystokinin in frontal  
 cortex of freely moving rat prevention by diazepam but not ondansetron  
 in relation to anxiety and its treatment)

RN 439-14-5 CAPLUS  
 CN 2H-1,4-Benzodiazepin-2-one, 7-chloro-1,3-dihydro-1-methyl-5-phenyl- (8CI,  
 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L24 ANSWER 66 OF 82 DRUGU COPYRIGHT 2002 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987-19718 DRUGU P  
TITLE: Autoradiographic Demonstration of the Antagonism Between  
Cholecystokinin and Benzodiazepines.  
AUTHOR: Sugaya K; Matsuda I; Kubota K  
LOCATION: Tokyo, Japan  
SOURCE: Jpn.J.Pharmacol. (43, Suppl., 84P, 1987)  
CODEN: JJPAAZ ISSN: 0021-5198  
AVAIL. OF DOC.: Department of Pharmacology, Faculty of Pharmaceutical  
Sciences, Science University of Tokyo, 12  
Ichigaya-funagaware-machi, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo 162, Japan.  
LANGUAGE: English  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

ABSTRACT:

In mice pretreated with i.v. 2-deoxy-D-(14C) glucose, brain autoradiography showed that intracisternal cholecystokinin octapeptide (CCK-8) activated various brain regions. This effect was blocked by i.p. diazepam. (congress abstract).

SECTION HEADING: P Pharmacology

CLASSIF. CODE: 32 Psychotropic  
60 Autonomic  
66 Drug Interactions

CONTROLLED TERM:

MOUSE \*FT; IN-VIVO \*FT; BRAIN \*FT; AUTORADIOGRAPHY \*FT;  
LAB.ANIMAL \*FT  
[01] SINCALIDE \*PH; SINCALIDE \*DI; DIAZEPAM \*DI; INTRACISTERNAL  
\*FT; INJECTION \*FT; GASTROINTEST.HORMONES \*FT; SINCALIDE  
\*RN;  
PH \*FT; DI \*FT  
[02] DIAZEPAM \*DI; SINCALIDE \*DI; SEDATIVES \*FT; RELAXANTS \*FT;  
PSYCHOSEDATIVES \*FT; TRANQUILIZERS \*FT; DIAZEPAM \*RN; DI  
\*FT

FIELD AVAIL.: AB; LA; CT

FILE SEGMENT: Literature

ABEX The antagonism between CCK and BZP was demonstrated autoradiographically  
by using 2-DG. Male ddY strain mice (20 g) were used. 2-DG (140  
uCi/kg)

was injected i.v. to mice. BZP was injected i.v. 10 min after the 2-DG  
injection. CCK8 was injected into the cerebellomedullary cistern 20 min  
after the 2-DG injection, and 40 min after the 2-DG administration, mice  
were sacrificed. The mouse brain was rapidly removed, frozen and  
embedded in O.C.T. compound. The brain was cut at a thickness of 20 uM  
by using a cryostat-microtome at -20 deg. The brain slices were exposed  
to an X-ray film for 2 wk. The optical densities of the autoradiogram  
were expressed as a spectrum consisting of 16-color scale in  
microcomputer. 1 ug/Mouse of CCK activated specific regions of the  
brain

such as hippocampus, amygdala and nucleus accumbens. 1 mg/kg Of  
**diazepam** selectively blocked this neuronal activation by

**CCK.** These results support that the **antagonism** between CCK and BZP takes place in the central nervous system. (AL)

L24 ANSWER 49 OF 82 DRUGU COPYRIGHT 2002 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994-42840 DRUGU P E  
TITLE: CCK antagonists: pharmacology and therapeutic interest.  
AUTHOR: Wettstein J G; Bueno L; Junien J L  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst.Nat.Recherche-Agronomique  
LOCATION: Fresnes, Toulouse, France  
SOURCE: Pharmacol.Ther. (62, No. 3, 267-82, 1994) 1 Tab. 176 Ref.  
CODEN: PTHDT ISSN: 0163-7258  
AVAIL. OF DOC.: I.T.E.M.-Labo, 93 avenue de Fontainebleau, 94276 Le  
Kremlin-Bicetre, France.  
LANGUAGE: English  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

ABSTRACT:

The pharmacology and potential therapeutic applications of the CCK antagonists are reviewed, with reference to asperlicin, CI-988, devazepide, L-365031, L-365260, lorglumide, loxiglumide, LY-262691, LY-262684, PD-135158, PD-135666, PD-140548 and proglumide. Tetrin, pancreozymin, pentagastrin, ceruletide and A-68552 are mentioned.

SECTION HEADING: P Pharmacology  
E Endocrinology

CLASSIF. CODE: 16 Gastrointestinal  
32 Psychotropic  
49 Peptide Hormones  
63 Receptors  
69 Reviews

CONTROLLED TERM:

CASES \*FT; IN-VIVO \*FT; REVIEW \*FT; PANCREOZYMIN-ANTAGONIST \*FT  
[01] MAIN-TOPIC \*FT; PANCREOZYMIN-ANTAGONISTS \*FT; TR \*FT; AE \*FT  
[02] ASPERLICIN \*PH; CI-988 \*PH; DEVAZEPIDE \*PH; L-365031 \*PH;  
L-365260 \*PH; LORGLUMIDE \*PH; LOXIGLUMIDE \*PH; LY-262691  
\*PH;  
LY-262684 \*PH; PD-135158 \*PH; PD-135666 \*PH; PD-140548 \*PH;  
PROGLUMIDE \*PH; TETRIN \*PH; PANCREOZYMIN \*PH; PENTAGASTRIN  
\*PH; CERULETIDE \*PH; A-68552 \*PH; TR \*FT; AE \*FT

FIELD AVAIL.: AB; LA; CT

FILE SEGMENT: Literature

ABEX In isolated rat hippocampal pyramidal neurons, the effects of  
CCK are **antagonized** by lorazepam, **diazepam**  
and PK-8165. In rats, the behavioral suppressive or anxiogenic effects  
of CCK are attenuated by L-364718 and proglumide, but not by diazepam,  
while CI-988 attenuates the suppressive effects of pentagastrin, but not  
of tetrazol. L-365260 blocks the excitatory effects of CCK in a model  
of  
anxiety and panic. L-365260, CI-988, PD-135158, PD-135666, PD-140548,  
LY-262691, LY-262684 and devazepide are reported to have anti-anxiety  
effects in some rat models. Pretreatment with lorazepam, but not with  
meprobamate or naloxone, prevents the fear and anxiety symptoms  
associated with tetrin in humans. CCK modulates the release of dopamine



and dopaminergic compounds modulate the release of CCK. Results with caerulein, ceruletide, CCK, A-69552, haloperidol and clozapine in humans and rats do are inconclusive with regard to the role of CCK in schizophrenia. Although CCK and caerulein have antinociceptive effects, CCK can also antagonize the antinociceptive effects of morphine and beta-endorphin. CCK antagonists may potentiate the antinociceptive effects of morphine and prevent the development of morphine tolerance: they may be useful adjuncts to opioids in the treating pain. CCK and

CCK

analogs enhance performance and retention in memory-related tasks in rodents. Pharmacological studies suggest that CCK antagonists are potentially useful for the treatment of digestive and pancreatic disorders, biliary colics, cancer and bulimia. SKF-83566, raclopride

and

L-365260 are also mentioned. (E61/MB)

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